



सत्यमेव जयते

आयुक्त का कार्यालय
Office of the Commissioner
केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपील अहमदाबाद आयुक्तालय
Central GST, Appeals Ahmedabad Commissionerate
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आज़ादी का
अमृत महोत्सव

By SPEED POST

DIN:- 20240564SW000000E02D

(क)	फ़ाइल संख्या / File No.	GAPPL/COM/STP/1694/2024
(ख)	अपील आदेश संख्या और दिनांक / Order-In -Appeal and date	AHM-EXCUS-001-APP-09/2024-25 and 24.04.2024
(ग)	पारित किया गया / Passed By	श्री ज्ञानचंद जैन, आयुक्त (अपील) Shri Gyan Chand Jain, Commissioner (Appeals)
(घ)	जारी करने की दिनांक / Date of Issue	03.05.2024
(ङ)	Arising out of Order-In-Original No. 157/WS08/AC/AAK/2023-24 dated 31.08.2023 passed by The Assistant Commissioner, CGST, DIV-VIII, Ahmedabad South.	
(च)	अपीलकर्ता का नाम और पता / Name and Address of the Appellant	M/s. Samir Suryakant Shah, (New Address) K-303, Indraprasth -5, Nr. HDFC Bank, Prahladnagar, Ahmedabad - 380015

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील-आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथास्थिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील अथवा पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है, जैसा कि ऐसे आदेश के विरुद्ध हो सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way.

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन:-

Revision application to Government of India:

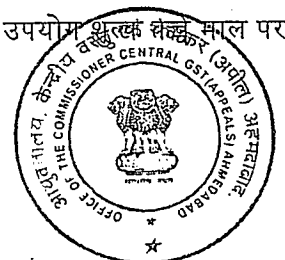
(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अतत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप-धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अधीन सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली: 110001 को की जानी चाहिए :-

A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid :-

(क) यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानिकार खाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार में हो माल की प्रक्रिया के दौरान हुई हो।

In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.

(ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क से माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलों में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित है।



In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

(ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।

In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

(घ) अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो ड्यूटी क्रेडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं 2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(2) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए-8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनांक से तीन मास के भीतरमूल-आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो-दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ खाता इ का मुख्य शीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35-इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के सबूत के साथ टीआर-6 चालान की प्रति भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(3) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रुपये या उससे कम होतो रुपये 200/- फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्नरकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

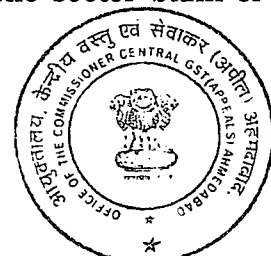
सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवा कर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील:-
Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35-बी/35-इ के अंतर्गत:-
Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-

(2) उक्तलिखित परिच्छेद में बताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलो के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में 2nd माला, बहुमाली भवन, असरवा, गिरधरनागर, अहमदाबाद-380004।

To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at 2nd floor, Bahumali Bhawan, Asarwa, Girdhar Nagar, Ahmedabad: 380004. In case of appeals other than as mentioned above para.

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registrar of a branch of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated.



(3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल आदेश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता है।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

(4) न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 यथा संशोधित की अनुसूची -1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूलआदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रतिपर रू 6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

(5) इन ओर संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention is invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

(6) सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) एके प्रति अपीलो के मामले में कर्तव्यमांग (Demand) एवं दंड (Penalty) का 10% पूर्व जमा करना अनिवार्य है। हालांकि, अधिकतम पूर्व जमा 10 करोड़ रुपए है। (Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क और सेवाकर के अंतर्गत, शामिल होगा कर्तव्य की मांग (Duty Demanded)।

- (1) खंड (Section) 11D के तहत निर्धारित राशि;
- (2) लिया गलत सेनवैट क्रेडिट की राशि;
- (3) सेनवैट क्रेडिट नियमों के नियम 6 के तहत देय राशि।

यह पूर्व जमा 'लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की तुलना में 'अपील' दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व शर्त बना दिया गया है।

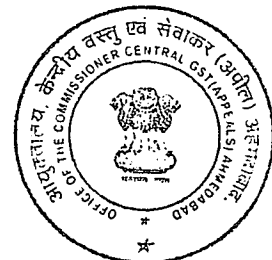
For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty & Penalty confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit amount shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit is a mandatory condition for filing appeal before CESTAT. (Section 35 C (2A) and 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994).

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
- (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

(6) (i) इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो माँग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."



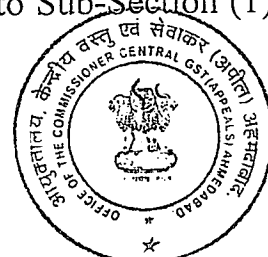
ORDER-IN-APPEAL

The present appeal has been filed by M/s. Samir Suryakant Shah, K-303, Indraprasth-5, Nr. HDFC Bank, Prahladnagr, Ahmedabad - 380015 (hereinafter referred to as "the appellant") against Order-in-Original No. 157/WS08/AC/AAK/2023-24 dated 31.08.2023 (hereinafter referred to as "the impugned order") passed by the Assistant Commissioner, Central GST, Division VIII, Ahmedabad North (hereinafter referred to as "the adjudicating authority").

2. Briefly stated, the facts of the case are that the appellant are holding PAN No. BEOPS3166N. On scrutiny of the data received from the Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) for the Financial Year 2014-15, it was noticed that the appellant had earned an income of Rs. 12,37,917/- during the FY 2014-15, which was reflected under the heads "Sales / Gross Receipts from Services (Value from ITR)" or "Total amount paid / credited under Section 194C, 194I, 194H, 194J (Value from Form 26AS)" filed with the Income Tax department. Accordingly, it appeared that the appellant had earned the said substantial income by way of providing taxable services but had neither obtained Service Tax registration nor paid the applicable service tax thereon. The appellant were called upon to submit copies of Balance Sheet, Profit & Loss Account, Income Tax Return, Form 26AS, for the said period. However, the appellant had not responded to the letters issued by the department.

2.1 Subsequently, the appellant were issued Show Cause Notice bearing F.No. CGST/AR-V/Div-VIII/O&A/TPD/208/BEOPS3166N/20-21 dated 21.09.2020 demanding Service Tax amounting to Rs. 1,53,006/- for the period FY 2014-15, under proviso to Sub-Section (1) of Section 73 of the Finance Act, 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994; and imposition of penalties under Section 77(1)(a), Section 77(1), Section 77(2) and Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994.

2.2 The Show Cause Notice was adjudicated, ex-parte, vide the impugned order by the adjudicating authority wherein the demand of Service Tax amounting to Rs. 1,53,006/- was confirmed under proviso to Sub-Section (1) of



Section 73 of the Finance Act, 1994 along with Interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994 for the period from FY 2014-15. Further (i) Penalty of Rs. 1,53,006/- was imposed on the appellant under Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994; (ii) Penalty of Rs. 10,000/- was imposed on the appellant under Section 77(1) of the Finance Act, 1994; and (iii) Penalty of Rs. 10,000/- was imposed on the appellant under Section 77(2) of the Finance Act, 1994.

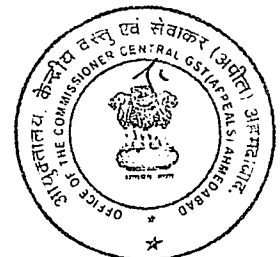
3. Being aggrieved with the impugned order passed by the adjudicating authority, the appellant have preferred the present appeal on the following grounds:

- The appellant is a registered sub-broker of M/s. Angel Broking Limited and is engaged in providing stock broking under name and style of "Samir Suryakant Shah" under broker M/s. Angel Broking Limited which is registered with stock exchanges like BSE & NSE and thus, he is providing services to M/s. Angel Broking Limited in the capacity of "subbroker or an authorized person to a stockbroker" as covered in Entry Sr. No. 29(a) of Notification No. 25/2012-service tax dated 20.06.2012.
- In accordance with the Finance Act, 1994 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Act') r.w. applicable rules, the appellant had not applied for the service tax registration as he is providing purely exempt services as per Entry Sr. No.29(a) of Notification No.25/2012-Service tax dated 20.06.2012,

29. Services by the following persons in respective capacities –

(a) sub-broker or an authorised person to a stock broker

- Based upon the data of Form 26AS (Annual Tax Statement under Section 230AA of the Income Tax Act, 1961) showing details of total amount paid/credited under Section 194O, 194H, 194I & 194J etc. of the Income Tax Act, 1961 received from the Income Tax Department that the appellant had received/earned income from providing of services like contract, commission or Brokerage, renting of Moveable/ Immovable Property, Technical or Professional service etc. is not discharging its service tax liability on the amount received by them against the services provided by them for the financial year 2014-15.



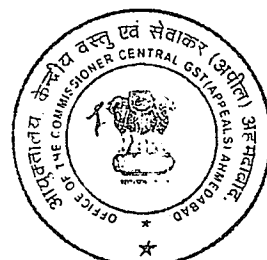
- The appellant was served with the letter for personal hearing on 03.04.2023 and 13.04.2023. However, the appellant was not in a position to attend the hearing on the said date. Again, a personal hearing was granted to the appellant on 22.08.2023 but the appellant received the letter after the date of the hearing and therefore, could not attend the hearing personally.
- Thus, by virtue of the said Notification, no service tax required to be paid on services provided by an authorized person or sub-broker to the member of a commodity exchange (in relation to a forward contract), in respect of such taxable service with effect from 1 July,2012.

4. Personal hearing in the case was held on 12.04.2024. Shri Kunal Desai, Chartered Accountant, appeared on behalf of the appellant for personal hearing. He informed that the client is Sub-Broker in Stock Market which is exempt under Notification. NO. 25/2012. Further, he requested for two days' time to make additional submission.

4.1 The appellant have, vide their letter dated 20.05.2023, submitted copies of Profit & Loss Account, Form 26AS, Income Ledgers and Accounts Confirmation from M/s. Trade Bulls Securities Private Limited and M/s. Trade Bulls Commodities Broking Pvt. Ltd. for the FY 2014-15.

5. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case, grounds of appeal, submissions made in the Appeal Memorandum and documents available on record. The issue to be decided in the present appeal is whether the impugned order passed by the adjudicating authority, confirming the demand of service tax against the appellant along with interest and penalty, in the facts and circumstance of the case, is legal and proper or otherwise. The demand pertains to the period FY 2014-15.

6. It is observed that the main contention of the appellant is that they, being sub broker of a Authorized Stock Broker, the service rendered by them was exempted in terms of Sr. No. 29(a) of the Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012.



7. For ease of reference, I reproduce the relevant provision of Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012, which reads as under:

“Notification No. 25/2012-Service Tax dated 20th June, 2012

G.S.R. 467(E).- In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 93 of the Finance Act, 1994 (32 of 1994) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act) and in supersession of notification No. 12/2012- Service Tax, dated the 17th March, 2012, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) vide number G.S.R. 210 (E), dated the 17th March, 2012, the Central Government, being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby exempts the following taxable services from the whole of the service tax leviable thereon under section 66B of the said Act, namely:-

1...

2... ..

29. Services by the following persons in respective capacities –

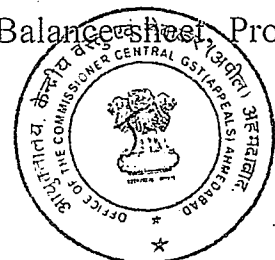
(a) sub-broker or an authorised person to a stock broker;”

8. I find that the appellant have submitted the following documents with the appeal memorandum showing their appointment with various financial institutions:

a. A letter No. NSE/MEM/12798/SAMIR/397/Jan-15/9584 dated 31.08.2015 issued by the National Stock Exchange of India Limited confirming appointment of the appellant as authorized person of M/s. Angel Broking Private Limited.

b. A letter No. MOD/DS/JD/NP/02262014111559 dated 26.02.2014 and Certificate of Registration dated 26.02.2024 issued by the BSE Ltd. for appellant as authorized person for M/s. Angel Broking Pvt. Ltd.

9. I also find that out of total income of Rs. 12,37,917/- during the FY 2014-15 as reflected in Form 26AS, for which the present show cause notice has been issued, the appellant had received the income of Rs. 39,475/- from M/s. Angel Commodities Broking Private limited and income of Rs. 11,98,448/- from M/s. Angel One Limited. The appellant has also submitted Balance sheet, Profit &



Loss Account and Sales Ledger for the F.Y. 2014-15. The said income also reflected in Sales ledger of M/s. Samir S Shah, wherein Brokerage income received from M/s. Angel Commodities Broking Private limited and M/s. Angel One Limited. for the FY 2014-15. Thus, I find that the appellant had received the entire income in form of commission as sub-broker.

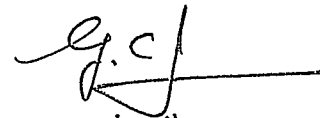
10. In view of the aforesaid provision of Sr. No. 29(a) of Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012, I find that in respect of the Commission received as sub-broker is exempted from the service tax. Therefore, the appellant are not liable to pay service tax on the income earned by them during the FY 2014-15.

11. In view of the above discussion, I find that the impugned order passed by the adjudicating authority confirming demand of Service Tax, in respect of services provided by the appellant during the FY 2014-15, is not legal and proper and deserves to be set aside. Since the demand of service tax is not sustainable on merits, there does not arise any question of charging interest or imposing penalties in the case.

12. Accordingly, I set aside the impugned order and allow the appeal filed by the appellant.

13. अपील कर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।

The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed of in above terms.



ज्ञानचंद जैन

आयुक्त (अपील्स)

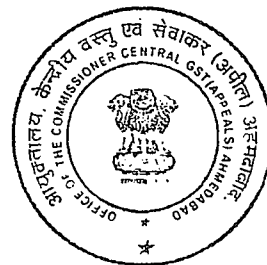
Date : 24.04.2024

Attested

(अमरेंद्र कुमार)

अधीक्षक (अपील्स)

सी.जी.एस.टी, अहमदाबाद



By RPAD / SPEED POST

M/s. Samir Suryakant Shah,
K-303, Indraprasth-5, Nr. HDFC Bank,
Prahladnagr, Ahmedabad - 380015

Copy to :

1. The Principal Chief Commissioner, Central GST, Ahmedabad Zone
2. The Principal Commissioner, CGST, Ahmedabad South
3. The Deputy/Assistant Commissioner (RRA), Central GST, Ahmedabad South
4. The Deputy/Assistant Commissioner, Central GST, Division-VIII, Ahmedabad South.
5. Guard File
6. PA file



